

Aan de minister van  
Volkshuisvesting, Ruimtelijke  
Ordening en Milieubeheer  
Mevrouw J.C. Huizinga-Heringa  
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**DATUM** 22 april 2010

**KENMERK** CGM/100421-02

**ONDERWERP** Advies naar aanleiding van EFSA opinie over import en verwerking van maïslijn  
MON89034xMON88017

Geachte mevrouw Huizinga,

De COGEM is advies gevraagd naar aanleiding van het verschijnen van de EFSA opinie betreffende het dossier EFSA/GMO/NL/2007/39, import en verwerking van maïslijn MON89034 x MON88017. De COGEM adviseert u als volgt.

### **Samenvatting**

In 2007 heeft de COGEM negatief geadviseerd over import en verwerking van de genetisch gemodificeerde hybride maïslijn MON89034 x MON88017. Alhoewel zij de kans zeer klein achtte dat import en verwerking van maïslijn MON89034 x MON88017 tot risico's voor mens en milieu zou leiden, voldeed de moleculaire karakterisering van ouderlijn MON89034 niet aan de destijds geldende eisen. Ook wees de COGEM erop dat het General Surveillance plan van MON89034 x MON88017 onvolledig was uitgewerkt.

Sinds 2008 onthoudt de COGEM zich van een risicobeoordeling voor incidentele consumptie als het genetisch gemodificeerde organisme al door andere instanties op voedselveiligheid wordt beoordeeld. Daarnaast heeft de COGEM in 2008 haar criteria met betrekking tot de moleculaire karakterisering van genetisch gemodificeerde gewassen heroverwogen. De COGEM heeft in januari 2009 geconcludeerd dat de moleculaire karakterisering van MON89034 voldoet aan deze herziene criteria. Het eerdere bezwaar voor MON89034 x MON88017 komt daarmee te vervallen. Daarnaast heeft de aanvrager een nieuw General Surveillance plan aangeleverd voor MON89034 x MON88017.

Concluderend acht de COGEM de milieurisico's van import en verwerking van maïslijn MON89034 x MON88017 verwaarloosbaar klein en vervallen haar eerdere bezwaren.

De door de COGEM gehanteerde overwegingen en het hieruit voortvloeiende advies treft u hierbij aan als bijlage.

Hoogachtend,



Prof. dr. ir. Bastiaan C.J. Zoeteman  
Voorzitter COGEM

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## **Additional advice on the import and processing of MON89034 x MON88017**

### **COGEM advice CGM/100421-02**

#### **Introduction**

Recently, the EFSA GMO Panel published her scientific opinion on the import and processing of maize MON89034 x MON88017, considering the comments of member states and additional information provided by the applicant. Based on this information, EFSA concluded that the import and processing of MON89034 x MON88017 is unlikely to have any adverse effect on human and animal health and the environment. The Ministry of Housing, Spatial Planning and the Environment (VROM) asked COGEM whether the additional information gives reason to reconsider her previous advice.

#### **Previous COGEM advice**

In 2007, COGEM advised negatively on the import and processing of maize line MON89034 x MON88017.<sup>1</sup> Although COGEM was of the opinion that import of MON89034 x MON88017 most likely poses negligible risks to man and the environment, the molecular analysis of parental line MON89034 did not meet the requirements at that time. The large T-DNA border sequences at the 5' and the 3' end of the insert were not fully analyzed. COGEM was of the opinion that sequences coding for putative polypeptides present in the entire border sequences should have been analysed for similarity to allergens or toxins. In addition, more detailed information should have been provided on the *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* strain that was used for the genetic modification. COGEM also judged the General Surveillance plan to be incomplete.

Since 2008, COGEM abstains from advice on the potential risks of incidental consumption in case a food/feed assessment is already carried out by other organizations. Furthermore, in 2008 COGEM re-evaluated her criteria concerning the molecular characterization of genetically modified crops.<sup>2</sup> In January 2009, COGEM issued a positive advice on the import and processing of maize MON89034.<sup>3</sup> COGEM concluded that the molecular characterization of MON89034 fulfilled the revised requirements as set by COGEM for the environmental risk analysis. These criteria match the EFSA criteria.<sup>4, 5</sup> In addition, COGEM performed a detailed search for publicly available information on the *A. tumefaciens* strain ABI. The obtained information removed previous questions on this subject. Based on this information, COGEM concluded that import and processing of MON89034 poses a negligible risk to the environment.

#### **Advice**

The applicant provided a revised General Surveillance plan concerning maize line MON89034 x MON88017. The General Surveillance plan states that unanticipated adverse effects will be monitored by existing monitoring systems which include the authorization holder and operators involved in the handling and use of viable MON89034 x MON88017 maize. In 2010, COGEM formulated criteria for General Surveillance plans concerning applications for import and

cultivation of GM crops<sup>6</sup>. Although the General Surveillance plan could be improved by a guarantee that operators will monitor for unanticipated effects, COGEM considers the current General Surveillance plan sufficient for import and processing of maize line MON89034 x MON88017.

In view of the above, COGEM withdraws its earlier objections and is of the opinion that import and processing of MON89034 x MON88017 poses a negligible risk to the environment.

## References

1. COGEM (2007). Advies import en verwerking van maïslijn MON89034xMON88017. COGEM advies CGM/071120-01
2. COGEM (2008). Signalering moleculaire karakterisering. COGEM signalering CGM/081219-01
3. COGEM (2009). Advies moleculaire karakterisering van maïs MON89034. COGEM advies CGM/090126-01
4. EFSA (2009). Public Consultation on the Updated Guidance Document of the Scientific Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO) for the risk assessment of genetically modified plants and derived food and feed. Scientific Report of EFSA
5. EFSA (2006). Guidance document of the scientific panel on genetically modified organisms for the risk assessment of genetically modified plants and derived food and feed
6. COGEM (2010). General Surveillance. COGEM signalering CGM/100226-01